2409 North 45th Street, Seattle, WA 98103

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Patellar Dislocation Non-Op PT Protocol

Week one	Weeks two to four
Initial Evaluation	Evaluate
 Range of motion Ability to contract quad/vmo Pain/Joint effusion Assess RTW and functional expectations Gait is typically WBAT with crutches in a patellofemoral stabilizing brace Evaluation of patients with dislocation episodes should include a thorough biomechanical assessment 	 Range of Motion Pain/Joint effusion Ability to contract quad/vmo Patella mobility Standing balance
Patient Education	Patient Education
 Support Physician prescribed meds Reinforce use of brace and assistive device if applicable (Typically WBAT with patella stabilizing brace/ immobilizer depending on severity) Discuss frequency and duration of treatment 2-3 times per week for 6-8 weeks 	 Reinforce use of stabilizing brace Wean from crutches if good quad control and normal gait pattern without pain
Therapeutic Exercise	Therapeutic Exercise
 May complete pain free AROM and Isometrics with mindset of reducing effusion and restoring quad contraction Heel slides, quad sets, ankle pumps, and leg raises NMES is recommended for quad activities 	 Initiate bicycle (do not force flexion) Initiate isotonic exercise in pain free ROM including wallslide, multi hip, leg press, hamstring curl, partial squat and step up. Proper form is critical including avoidance of medial column collapse (Continued NMES with quad activities is recommended) Add single leg static balance activity Initiate multi-angle isometrics with NMES
Manual Techniques	Manual Techniques
 Avoid patella mobilization (typically hypermobile) PROM as tolerated (focus on extension) 	 Avoid patella mobilization (typically hypermobile) Consider McConnell taping as an adjunct to bracing and quad re-education tool.
Modalities	Modalities
 NMES is recommended for quad activity Other modalities may be used as needed for reduction of effusion and pain relief 	 NMES is recommended for quad activity Other modalities may be used as needed for reduction of effusion and pain relief
Goals	Goals
 Control pain Reduce effusion Restore voluntary quad contraction 0-70 degrees ROM 	 Restore voluntary quad contraction 0-90 degrees ROM Minimal / 1+effusion FWB gait with patella stabilizing brace

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Weeks four to eight	Weeks eight to discharge
Evaluate	Evaluate
 ➢ Gait and brace needs ➢ Quad Contraction ➢ ROM ➢ Balance Patient Education ➢ May wean from brace	 Patella mobility / crepitus Any excessive joint laxity Isokinetic Strength test and/or Functional Movment Screen based on physician's preference Address any deficits that may limit return to work or sport goals HEP compliance
Therapeutic Exercise	Therapeutic Exercise
 Progress to squatting, lunging, step-up activities as appropriate Single leg isotonic exercises Single leg dynamic balance activity Progress to closed chain exercises in multiple planes and on unstable surfaces Include abdominal and glut strengthening, typical emphasis is prevention of medial column collapse 	 Encourage participation in the CFA Cardiovascular training (bike, swim and elliptical) Begin agility and sport specific activity with physician approval Return to running (12 weeks post-op) with physician approval Return to sport (12 weeks post-op) with physician approval
Manual Techniques	
➤ Any techniques as needed	
Modalities	
Any as Indicated	
Goals	Goals
 4+/5 strength with manual testing No effusion No noteable deficits with Functional Movement Screen Normal ROM and gait without assistive device No pain with ADL's 	 Full strength with manual testing Discharge with full return to work or sport activity orders